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## BEFORE THE POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20268-0001

RATE ADJUSTMENT DUE TO EXTRAORDINARY OR EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Docket No. R2013-11

# UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE NOTICE OF REVISIONS TO THE STATEMENT OF ALTAF TAUFIQUE -- ERRATA (October 18, 2013)

On September 26, 2013, the Postal Service filed its renewed Request for Exigent Relief, which was docketed by the Commission as Docket No. R2013-11. The Postal Service hereby provides notice of very minor changes to the Statement of Altaf Taufique, emanating from several different sources, as described below.

### Inbound Surface Parcel Post

The first set of revisions relate to new rates published by the UPU for certain International mail subsequent to the filing of the Exigent Request. Related additional revisions are being made to USPS-R2010-4R/5, and to the Exigent Request document, and separate notices to that effect are also being filed today.

Specifically, as noted on page 24 of the Statement of Altaf Taufique, for purposes of the CPI filing (Docket No. R2013-10) that was made immediately prior to the Exigent filing, the Postal Service used placeholder estimates for Inbound International Surface Parcel Post prices to be effective in CY 2014. Such placeholder estimates were necessary because the actual prices were not announced by the UPU until after the date on which both the CPI case and the Exigent case were submitted. Now that the

UPU has released those prices, it is necessary to update certain portions of the Exigent filing to reflect the substitution in relevant calculations of the actual UPU prices for the placeholder estimates used earlier. In the Statement of Altaf Taufique, this causes changes in Table 2, listing the price changes by mail class and product. Specifically, Table 2 on page 9 is revised as follows:

### Package Services row

Change "1.565" to "1.453", change "4.303" to "4.308", and change "5.935" to "5.823"

#### Inbound Surface Parcel Post row

Change "2.152" to "-1.597" in both places in the row that "2.152" appears

Note that none of the price adjustments presented in the Exigent Request is altered, but the percentage changes reflected in those price adjustments change as a result of the substitution of actual UPU prices for placeholder estimates.

### Inbound First-Class Mail International

As with inbound Surface Parcel Post, placeholders were used in the workpapers for Internal Air Conveyance charges for inbound International First-Class Mail. And once again the UPU has now released actual IAC charges for FY14 that supersede the placeholders. Separate notices address the effect of these changes in the CPI case, and in the Exigent Request and the First-Class workpapers in this case. The substitution in the workpapers of the actual IAC charges in place of the estimated IAC charges causes the following revisions in the Taufique Statement:

Table 2 on page 9 is revised as follows:

#### First-Class Mail row

Change "1.587" to "1.618", change "4.281" to "4.280", and change "5.936" to "5.967"

#### FCMI row

Change "5.994" to "7.735", change "2.391" to "2.353", and change "8.459" to "10.270"

Page 13, line 20, change "4.281" to "4.280"

Table 3, page 14, First-Class Mail International Row, change "2.393" to "2.353"

#### Periodicals

In preparing the September 26<sup>th</sup> filings, some of the new Periodicals prices were inadvertently entered into the Periodicals pricing spreadsheets with four significant digits in both the CPI and Exigent cases. The actual prices, however, only extend to three significant digits (tenths of cents). While the actual three-digit prices do represent the correctly rounded values of the four-digit prices used in the spreadsheets, using the unrounded four-digit prices in the spreadsheets changed some of the relevant calculations (percentage increases, remaining cap in bank, etc.). Therefore, the Periodicals spreadsheets in both the CPI case and the Exigent case have been recalculated using the actual (three-digit) prices. In the Exigent case, the effects of these revisions in the two cases create the need for revisions in the Statement of Altaf Taufique. Revisions are also made in the Exigent Request document, and in the Periodicals folder (USPS-R2010-4R/ 4), and separate notices about changes to those materials are being filed today. In the Taufique Statement, the changes are as follows: In Table 2 on page 9:

Periodicals row

Change "1.568" to "1.664"; "4.297" to "4.095"; and "5.934" to "5.828"

Outside County row

Change "1.563" to "1.662"; "4.297" to "4.087"; and "5.927" to "5.817"

On page 20, line 16, change "4.3" to "4.1"

In Table 5 on page 20:

Outside County row Change "4.297" to "4.087"

## **Cumulative Effects**

The cumulative effects of the above described changes cause very minor changes in overall percentage changes. These appear in the Statement as follows:

In Table 2, page 9, <u>Total All Classes</u> row: Change "1.635" to "1.655", "4.278" to "4.271", and "5.995" to "5.996"

Page 10, line 14, change "1.6" to "1.7"

Page 10, footnote 9, change "1.6" to "1.7"

### Typographical Errors

The following revisions are made to correct typographical errors:

On page 7, line 2, change "increases" to "increase"

In Table 2 on page 9, <u>Standard Mail</u> section, <u>Flats</u> row, change "6.159" to "6.169"

On page 17, line 3, change "passthrough" to "passthroughs"

Copies of revised pages 7, 9-10, 13-14, 17, and 20, with revised cells in Tables

highlighted in gray, are attached to this pleading.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

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1	First-Class Mail Parcels prices proposed in Docket No. R2013-10
2	increase by 6.3 percent, significantly above the 1.6 percent average increase
3	proposed for the class as a whole.
4	An above-CPI increase is proposed for both Standard Mail Flats and
5	Standard Mail Parcels, with increases of 1.809 and 1.820 percent, respectively.
6	For Periodicals, the Postal Service provides pricing signals to encourage
7	mail preparation and entry behavior, which, in conjunction with requiring Flats
8	Sequencing System (FSS) preparation, is expected to reduce costs for
9	Periodicals. The Postal Service provides an incentive to enter mail closer to
10	destination, and proposes an above-average increase for the Outside County
11	bundle and sack prices, which currently fall well below costs. The intent is to
12	gradually move Periodicals class towards covering its attributable costs.
13	Single-Piece Parcel Post (now Standard Post) within Package Services
14	has been moved to the competitive list, while a higher than average increase
15	(2.061 percent) is proposed for Library and Media Mail in Docket No. R2013-10,
16	well above the average increase for Package Services.5
17	Within Special Services, only one product, Stamp Fulfillment Services
18	(SFS), was reported with a cost coverage below 100 percent (59.3 percent).
19	The Postal Service agrees with the Commission's conclusion that: "Although SFS
20	does not cover its attributable costs, by providing a mechanism for the
21	centralized ordering of stamps, it reduces the costs associated with the retail
22	purchases of stamps. Thus, it promotes the objectives of reducing costs and

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> BPM Flats prices within Package Services have been proposed to increase less (0.314 percent) than average, so more of the cap space can be allocated to the underwater products.

Class / Product	CPI	Exigent	CPI +
	Increase	Increase	Exigent
First-Class Mail Single-Piece Letters / Postcards Presorted Letters / Postcards Flats Parcels FCMI	(%) 1.618 1.141 1.615 1.267 6.335 7.735	(%) 4.280 4.276 4.291 4.627 4.349 2.353	(%) 5.967 5.466 5.975 5.953 10.959
Standard Mail Letters Flats Parcels High Density and Saturation Letters High Density and Saturation Flats/ Parcels Carrier Route Every Door Direct Mail – Retail	1.609	4.264	5.942
	1.614	4.259	5.941
	1.809	4.283	6.169
	1.820	4.335	6.233
	1.322	4.212	5.590
	1.412	4.261	5.733
	1.666	4.288	6.026
	5.000	4.167	9.375
Periodicals Outside County Within County	1.664	4.095	5.828
	1.662	4.087	5.817
	1.705	4.306	6.085
Package Services Alaska Bypass Bound Printed Matter Flats Bound Printed Matter Parcels Media Mail / Library Mail Inbound Surface Parcel Post	1.453	4.308	5.823
	2.440	4.232	6.775
	0.314	4.626	4.955
	1.680	4.484	6.239
	2.061	4.304	6.454
	-1.597	0.000	-1.597
Special Services Ancillary Services International Ancillary Services Address Management Services Caller Service Credit Card Authentication International BRM Services Money Orders Post Office Box Service Customized Postage Stamp Fulfillment Services	2.500	4.318	6.926
	2.686	4.372	7.176
	1.521	4.188	5.773
	4.097	3.542	7.784
	2.441	4.329	6.876
	0.000	5.000	5.000
	2.901	2.819	5.802
	0.017	4.042	4.059
	2.621	4.177	6.906
	3.175	4.308	7.619
	0.000	5.005	5.005
Total All Classes	1.655	4.271	5.996

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1 Together with the CPI price change also filed today, these changes

- 2 produce an overall increase of slightly under 6.0 percent from current prices.
- 3 Sections III and IV provide a more detailed discussion of these pricing changes.
- 4 The complete set of pricing changes is presented in Attachment A to the
- 5 Renewed Exigent Request in Response to Order No. 1059.

# III. The Proposed Price Adjustments are Reasonable and Equitable

- A. The Postal Service's Exigent Pricing Proposal is Reasonable and Equitable
  - 1. The limited price increase is reasonable.

The exigent increase of 4.3 percent over and above the CPI increase of approximately 1.7 percent is a reasonable increase. The exigent financial damage to the Postal Service resulting from the Great Recession and related volume declines exceeds \$6.6 billion of annual contribution. In comparison, the increases of 6.0 percent (for the CPI case and the Exigent case combined) and 4.3 percent (the exigent increase alone) generate additional annual contributions of \$2.36 billion and \$1.78 billion, respectively, and therefore are moderate and reasonable in light of the losses from the Great Recession. In light of the slow economic recovery from the Great Recession and continued electronic diversion, the Postal Service is mindful of the impact of a larger price increase on its business customers and on the mailing public in general. The Postal Service is concerned that the accelerated electronic diversion caused by this recession could be exacerbated by an increase larger than the one proposed in this docket.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The average 1.7 percent increase includes a Special Services increase of 2.5 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Nickerson Statement at 2-3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Nickerson Statement at 4.

considered in the context of all classes and products under the across-the-boardapproach.

Generally, major products within these classes also increase by approximately 6 percent. Most of the over 6 percent increases result from above-average price increases in the CPI case to address the underwater status of certain products. First-Class Mail Parcels, Standard Mail Flats and Parcels, and Media and Library Mail within Package Services are above 6 percent for this reason. The prices for First-Class Mail International are proposed to increase by 8.5 percent because the CPI increase is substantially above average, reflecting the increase in inbound prices determined by the UPU. A relatively high CPI price increase is justified for Every Door Direct Mail – Retail, because it is a relatively new, popular mailing option. The foundation of this product is simplicity and convenience; the resulting price of 17.5 cents, with its half-cent increment, is consistent with this product theme. This increase results in a relatively high overall increase. Address Management Services and Customized Postage increase more than 7 percent because of rounding constraints.

#### IV. Review of Price Changes by Class

## A. First-Class Mail

In the Exigent proposal, First-Class Mail prices increase by 4.280 percent.

The first-ounce price for a single-piece stamped letter will increase from 47 cents

(Docket No. R2013-10) to 49 cents while the price of additional ounces increases

from 20 cents to 21 cents. The following table summarizes the changes in First-

Class Mail prices by products:

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Table 3
First-Class Mail Exigent Price Adjustments

Product	Percent Change	
Single-Piece Letters & Cards	4.276	
Presort Letters & Cards	4.291	
Flats	4.627	
Parcels	4.349	
First-Class Mail International	2.353	

### First-Class Mail Pricing Overview

First-Class Mail, while no longer the largest class of mail in terms of volume, adds the most to revenue and contribution. The class is in the middle of a long-run volume decline. It is unlikely that the volume decline will level off or that volume growth will resume.

## Single-piece First-Class Mail

The single-piece, first-ounce price, commonly known as the stamp price, is the most visible price offered by the Postal Service. As always, the choice of the stamp price reflects a careful balance of public policy considerations against the need for revenue to operate the Postal Service. Yet, despite the attention it draws, both in the public and regulatory arenas, the typical household is little affected by changes in the stamp price. A change of three cents in the stamp price, as results from the combined CPI and exigent increases, amounts to only about 30 cents per month for the typical household, which pays about \$5.00 per month for First-Class Mail. Also, the introduction of a metered mail price (for all indicia except stamps and Postage Validation Imprint (PVI)) in the CPI case, at a price 1 cent lower than the stamp price, will mitigate the impact of the increases

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 14}$  Based on estimates from the 2012 Household Diary Study.

- 1 the CPI filing, only four passthroughs exceed 100 percent: Mixed AADC
- 2 Automation Cards, AADC Automation Cards, ADC Automation Flats, and 5-Digit
- 3 Automation Flats. These passthroughs stay the same in the Exigent filing. They
- 4 are all justified pursuant to section 3622(e)(2)(b).

### **B. Standard Mail**

The Postal Service is proposing Exigent price changes totaling 4.3 percent for Standard Mail. The changes by product are shown in the following table.

Table 4: Standard Mail Exigent Price Adjustments

Product	Percent Change
Letters	4.259
Flats	4.283
Parcels	4.335
High Density and Saturation Letters	4.212
High Density and Saturation Flats / Parcels	4.261
Carrier Route	4.288
EDDM – Retail	4.167

## Standard Mail Pricing Overview

Standard Mail volume has declined in recent years, mainly due to the difficult economic times. The Flats product has been particularly hard hit, with volume declines since 2008 exceeding 40 percent, driven by reductions in catalog mailings. These volume declines have helped to drive the Flats cost coverage down to only 80.9 percent in 2012. The Parcels product is also losing money.

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- nonmachinable 3-digit letters is 120.8 percent. These passthroughs are justified
   by exception 3622(e)(2)(b).
- The Flats product has two passthroughs that exceed 100 percent, the nonautomation 5-digit flats discount and the prebarcoding discount. The nonautomation 5-digit flats passthrough is justified by exception 3622(e)(2)(b), while the prebarcoding passthrough is justified by exception 3622(e)(2)(d).

Three worksharing passthroughs for Standard Mail Parcels exceed 100

percent: (1) NDC irregular parcels compared to mixed NDC irregular parcels, (2)

NDC Marketing Parcels compared to mixed NDC Marketing Parcels, and (3) SCF

Marketing Parcels compared to NDC Marketing Parcels. The nonbarcoded

surcharge also exceeds the avoided costs of prebarcoding in the parcels cost

model. These passthroughs are justified by exception 3622(e)(2)(d).

Furthermore, the Postal Service was able to keep commercial and nonprofit discounts equal to each other.

#### C. Periodicals

This price adjustment increases Periodicals prices by an average of 4.1 percent overall. The breakdown of the price change by product and major category is shown in the following table.

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Table 5: Periodicals Exigent Price Adjustments

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Product	Percent
	Change
Outside County	4.087
Within County	4.306

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